



National Offender
Management Service



European Union
European Social Fund
Investing in jobs and skills

In Numbers

a statistical overview of the
NOMS Co-financing Organisation

London

Round 2: Custody & Community

NOMS Co-financing Organisation

Since 2010, the ESF (European Social Fund) funded NOMS Co-financing programme has been working with offenders (participants) in England, aimed at improving employability and consequently helping to change offender's lives and reduce reoffending.

During the 2nd phase (Round 2) of the programme 2011-15, regionally focussed projects were commissioned with a range of providers appointed to help offenders access a range of employment services, with the ultimate goal of gaining employment.

In order to be worked with on ESF funded programmes, potential participants must be eligible to work in the UK, and for custodial cases be within three years of their anticipated date of release.

Programme Data & CATS

All data used in this report is obtained from the NOMS CFO developed Case Assessment and Tracking system (CATS), with all CATS entries undergoing the scrutiny of the NOMS CFO's Data Integrity team.

Report Coverage

Area London

Provider Working Links

Period Round 2: Jan 2011 to Jun 2015

Total Starts 21,925 participants

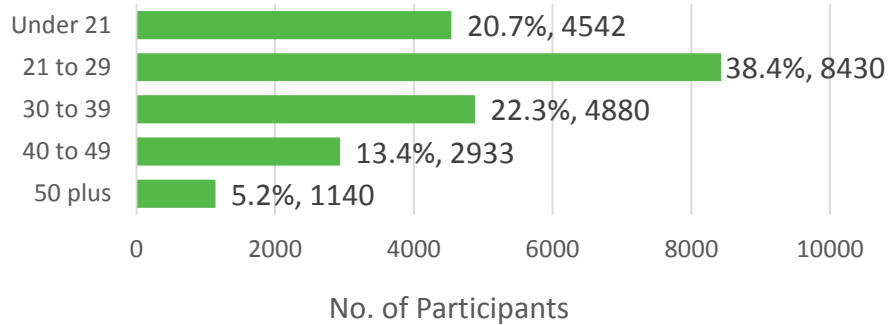
Comments This report covers all participants started in London (both community or custody) during Round 2 of the NOMS CFO programme.

This report was compiled by the NOMS CFO Research & Statistics team. For more information on the NOMS Co-financing Organisation and its programmes, visit www.co-financing.org

Alternatively, contact CFO-Servicedesk@noms.gsi.gov.uk or call **01925 423 423**

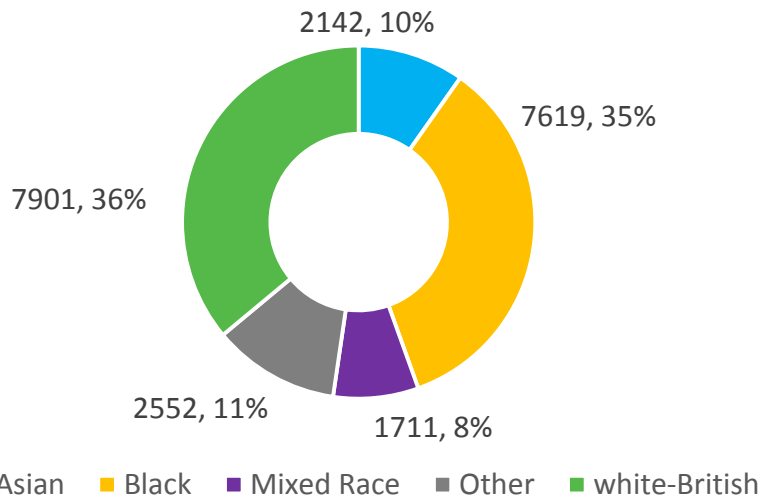
2. Demographics

Age

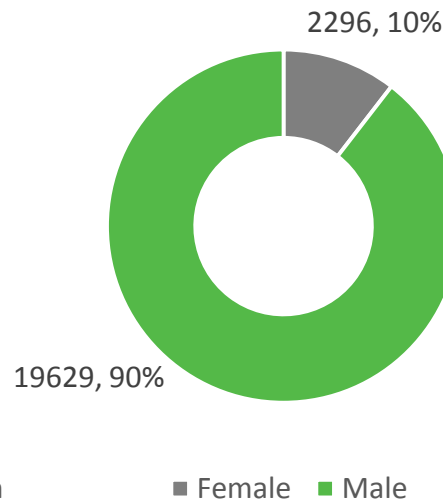


Participants on the NOMS CFO programme come from a varied demographic distribution that is largely reflective of the wider offender cohort that they come from. Due to the strict ESF eligibility criteria, there is a slightly reduced number of foreign nationals on the programme compared to the offender cohort in general. Additionally, some sub-projects may target specific age groups, BAME individuals or female offenders – increasing their numbers slightly.

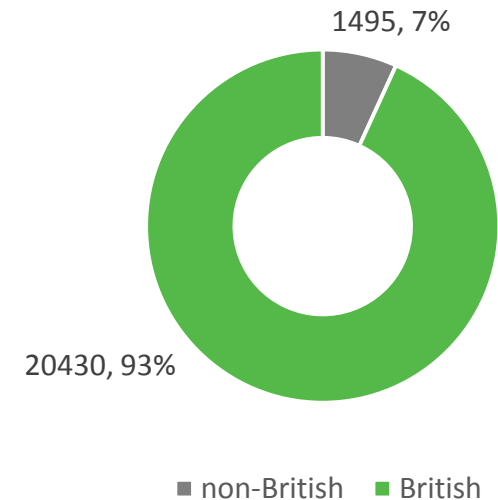
Ethnicity



Gender



Nationality



3.1 Assessed Barriers to Employment: *Experience & Qualifications*

London
Round 2: Custody & Community

32.0%

7,014

did not have any
qualifications

40.4%

8,862

did not finish their formal
school education

49.7%

10,905

did not have a
completed CV

70.8%

15,519

did not have a current,
valid driving licence

1.8%

399

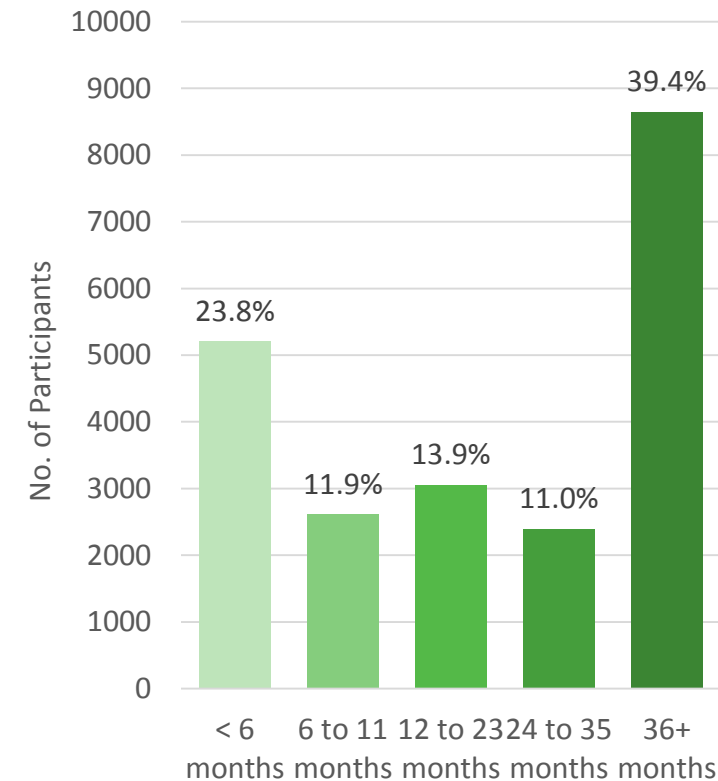
had been a member of
the armed forces

15.3%

3,365

did not have any
computer skills

Time Spent Unemployed

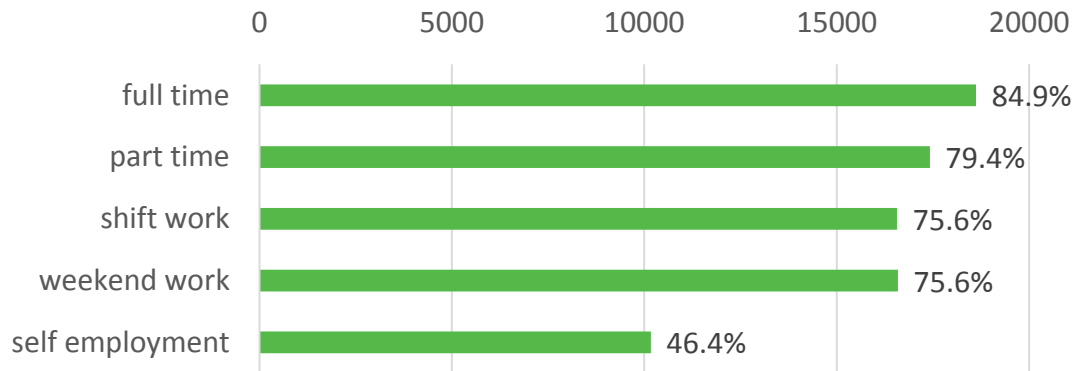


Most of the NOMS Co-financing programme's participants faced significant barriers to employment due to their general lack of education, qualifications and basic skills. All participants were unemployed or economically inactive before coming on to the programme, with a significant number having not worked for several years. A small but significant number of participants declared themselves as having previously been a member of the armed forces – this includes some foreign nationals who served for their country of origin.

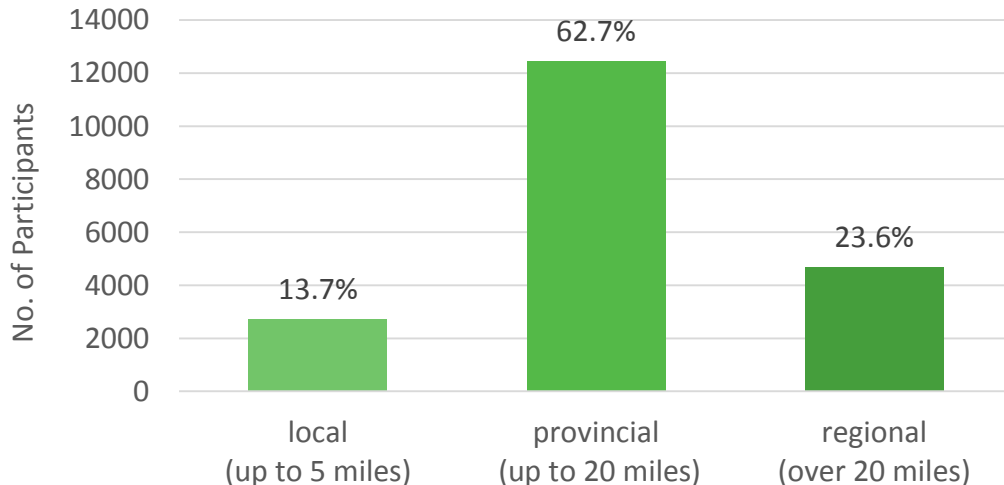
3.2 Assessed Barriers to Employment: *Attitudes & Expectations*

London
Round 2: Custody & Community

Patterns of Work Considered



Distance Prepared to Travel



The majority of NOMS CFO programme's participants thought that having a job would reduce their chance of reoffending. Despite many of the barriers faced, many were willing to engage with a mentor, consider alternative working patterns or travel in order to find employment.

71.5%
15,675

did not know how to disclose their offence

94.2%
20,645

thought having a job would reduce their chance of reoffending

38.1%
8,359

did not think they had access to transport

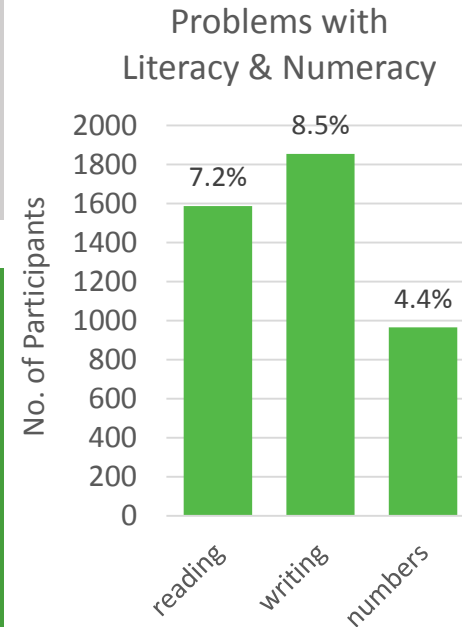
16.6%
3,647

were interested in having a mentor

3.3 Assessed Barriers to Employment: *Health & Substance Misuse*

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The prevalence of health, mental health and substance misuse issues amongst the NOMS CFO programme's participants is high. In many cases, these issues have affected the participant's employment or housing situation. A large number of participants required help with learning difficulties, with many struggling with basic reading, writing and the use of numbers.



2.8%

614

considered themselves disabled

11.4%

2,497

had physical health issues that affected their employability

9.2%

2,018

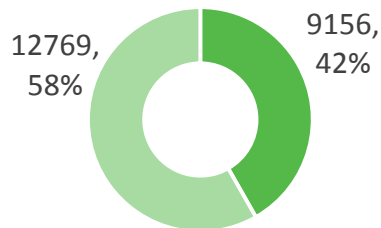
had mental health issues that affected their employability

7.0%

1,531

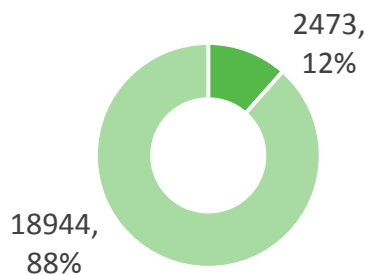
required extra support for learning difficulties

Used Illegal Drugs



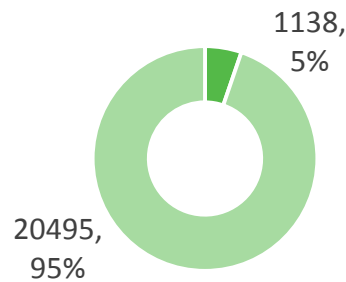
■ Yes ■ No

Drugs Affected Work



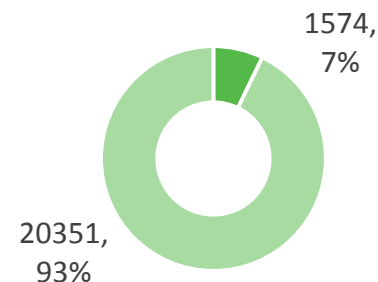
■ Yes ■ No

Drugs Affected Housing



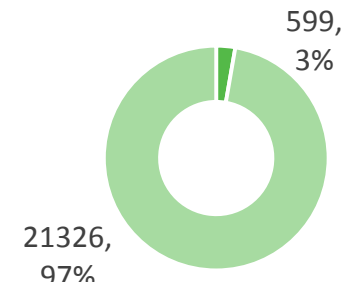
■ Yes ■ No

Alcohol Affected Work



■ Yes ■ No

Alcohol Affect Housing

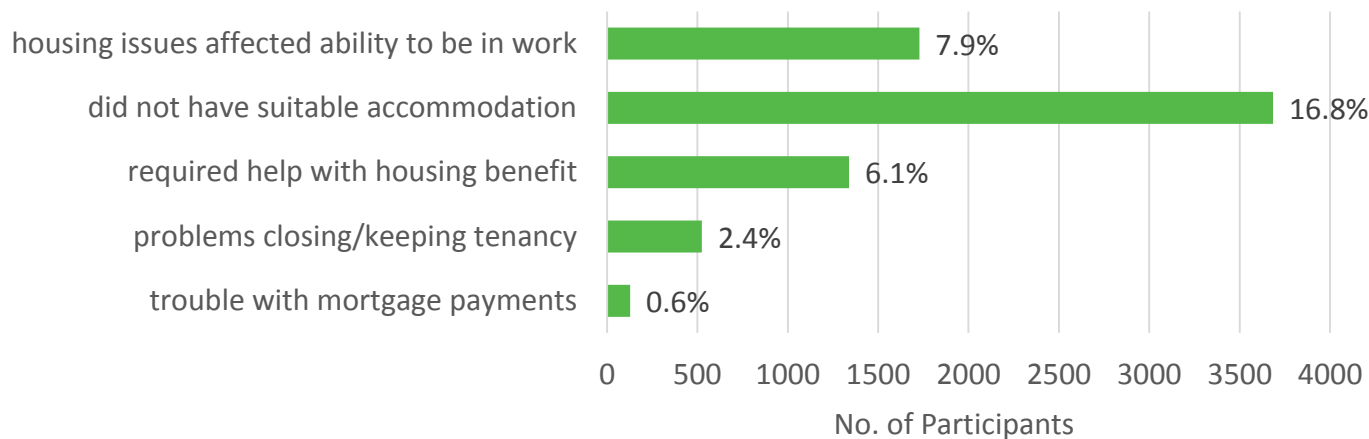


■ Yes ■ No

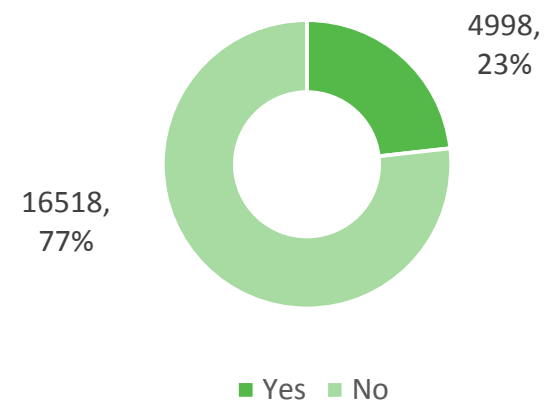
3.4 Assessed Barriers to Employment: *Money & Home*

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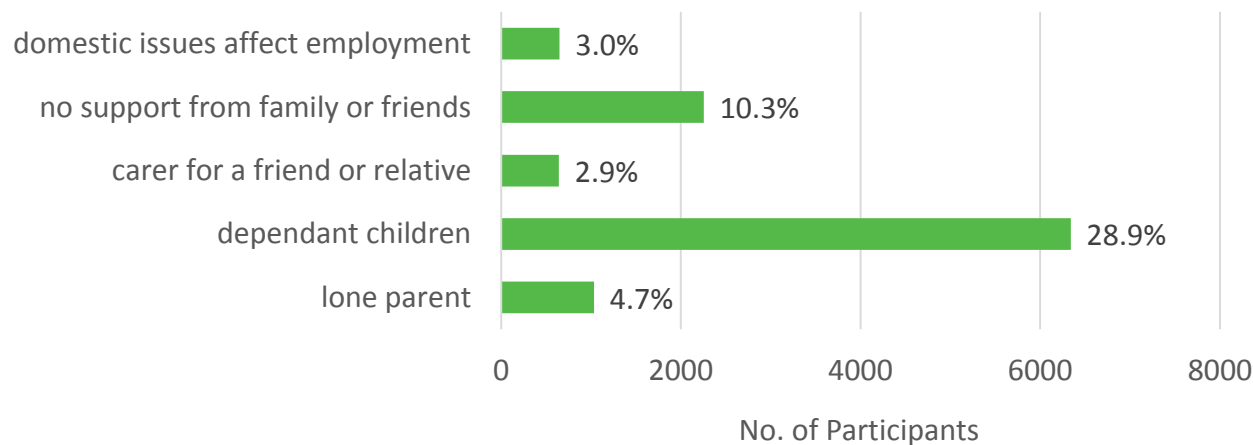
Housing Issues



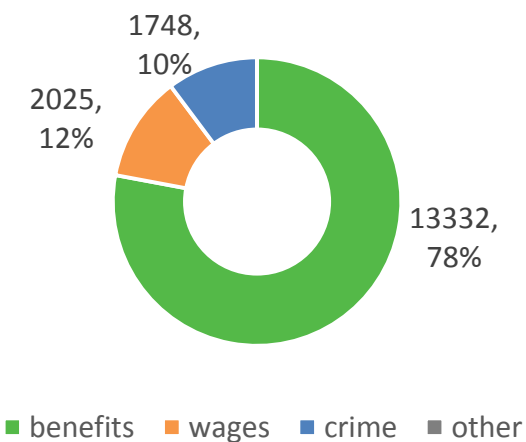
Had outstanding debts or fines



Relationship & Domestic Issues



Previous source of income



4.1 Achievements

Getting Started: Signposting & Advice

30.4%
6,674
gained help
disclosing
their offence

NOMS CFO programme participants face a broad range of potentially severe barriers to employment. A large part of the programme's effort is aimed at addressing and mitigating these issues, allowing participants to move forward towards becoming job-ready.

28.4%
6,227
were referred
to specialist
support

3.7%
818
gained a
mentor

2.9%
634
gained help
with their
finances

4.2 Achievements

Development: Skills & Self Improvement

London
Round 2: Custody & Community

17,210 (78.5%)
gained support and
improvement from
attitudinal skills courses

12,298 (56.1%)
attended courses aimed at general life
skills such as social skills or personal
presentation

10 (0.0%)
successfully gained a wide
variety of both vocational and
academic qualifications

2,844 (13.0%)
gained monetary assistance
from the Discretionary Access
Fund (DAF)

Once the elemental barriers to employment have been identified and addressed, work begins on moving participants towards becoming job-ready. Generally poorly educated, unskilled and demotivated, most of this work revolves around upskilling and self improvement.

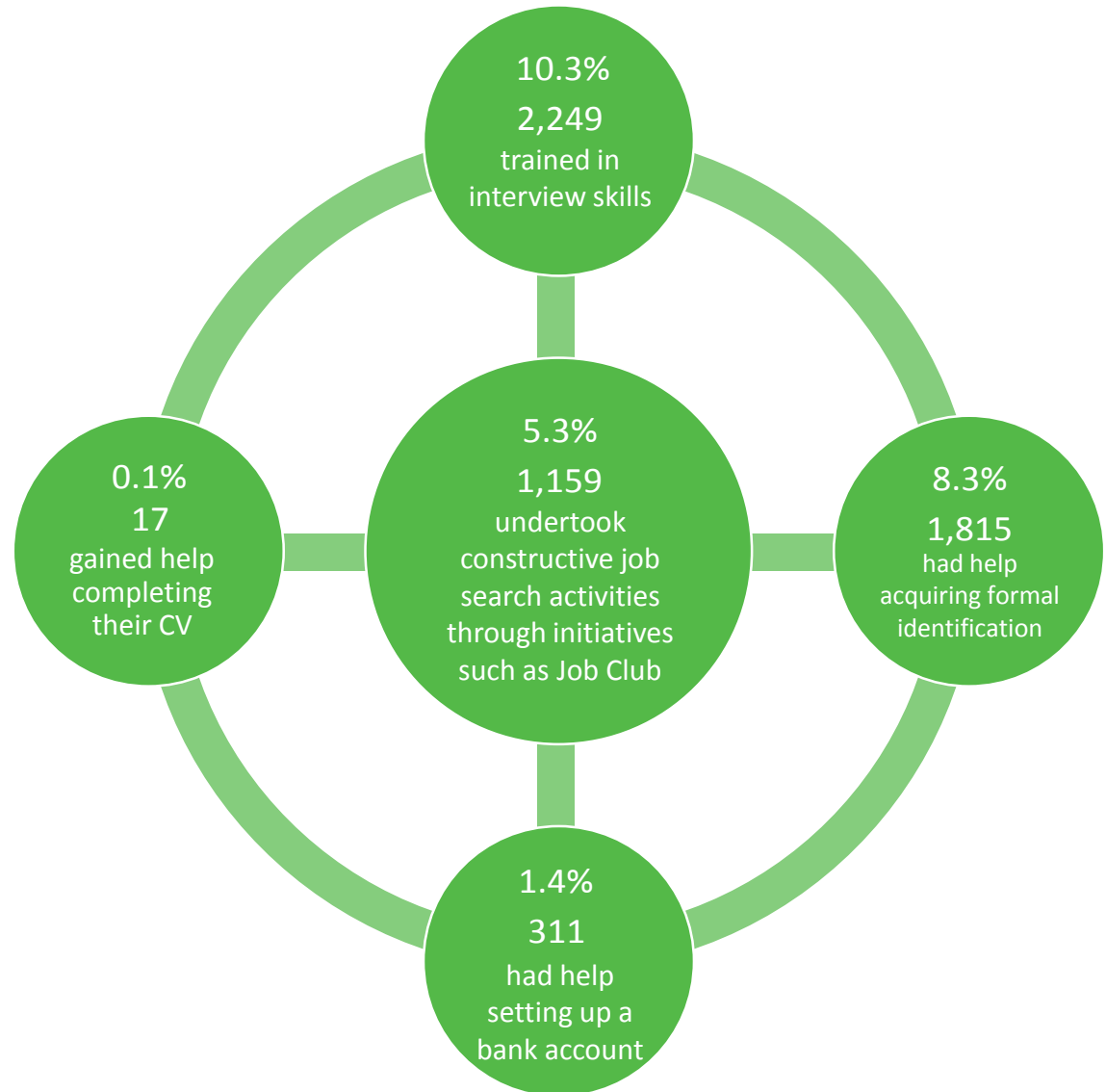
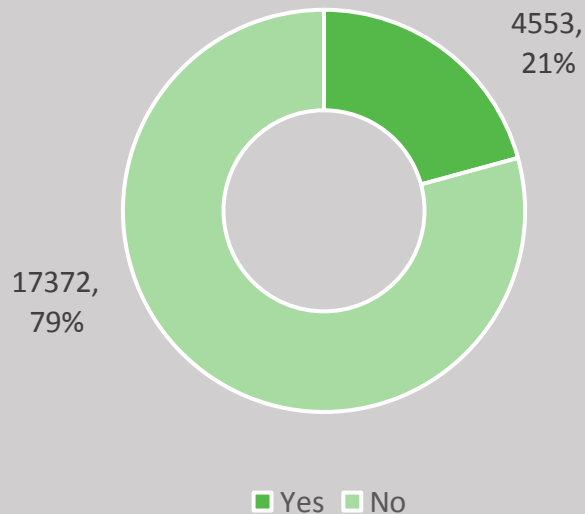
4.3 Achievements

Getting Ready for Work

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After considerable progress and development, the NOMS CFO programme's participants will be able to start actively looking for work in the community. This phase also includes a range of support from help with completing application forms and CVs, to training in interview skills and interview preparation, through to assistance with setting up a bank account or gaining formal identification.

Demonstrating Job-Readiness

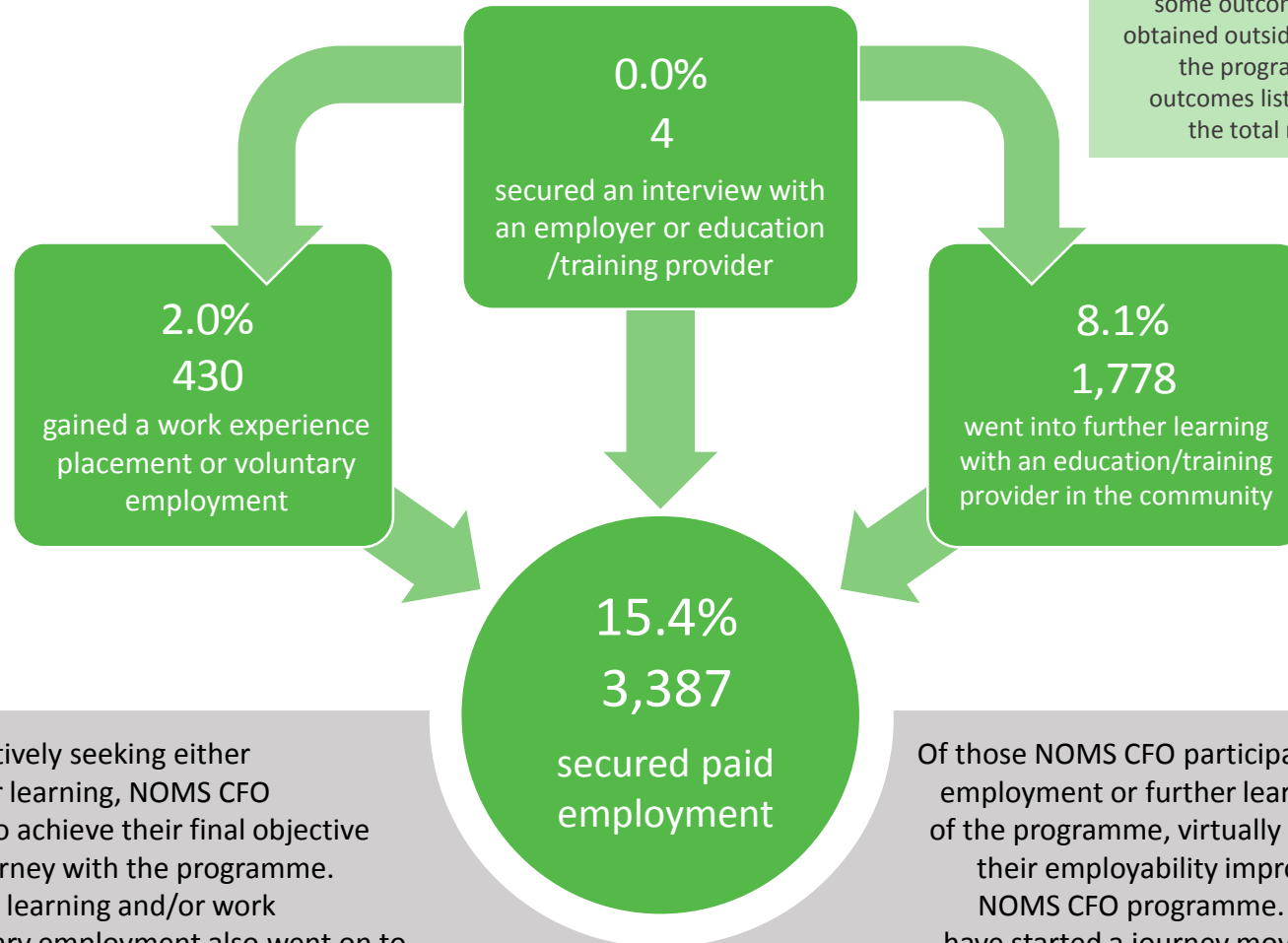


4.4 Achievements

Employment and Further Learning

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*As participants could move between the English regions and between custody and community, some outcomes/achievements may have been obtained outside of the location that they started the programme in. For the same reason, the outcomes listed may not be a true reflection of the total number claimed by each provider.

Once job-ready and actively seeking either employment or further learning, NOMS CFO participants will start to achieve their final objective and complete their journey with the programme. Many who gain further learning and/or work experience and voluntary employment also went on to gain paid employment including self employment.

Of those NOMS CFO participants who did not achieve employment or further learning during the life-time of the programme, virtually all of them will have had their employability improved in some way by the NOMS CFO programme. Programme participants have started a journey moving themselves closer to the labour market, social inclusion and better lives.